











Antibioti	c powd	ers				
AMOCLAV   amoxicillin 50%, clavulanic acid 12,5%						
AMOCOL 50   amoxicillin 50%, colistin 4 000 000 IU/gram	•					
AMOXICILLIN 80-TRV   amoxicillin 80%						
CIPROFID-TRV   ciprofloxacin 10%						
COLI 12-TRV   colistin 12 000 000 IU/gram	•					
DOXYFID   doxycycline 10%						
DOXYGIL 50   doxycycline 50%						
DOXYTIL   doxycycline 10%, tylosin 10%	•					
FLORFID 4%-TRV   florfenicol 4%		•				
LEXOFID-TRV   levofloxacin 15%						
NOSIHEPTIDE 1%-TRV   nosiheptide 1%		•				
NOSIMICIN TRV   nosiheptide 1%, kitasamycin 5%		•				
PAROFID 20%-TRV   paromomycin 20%						
TETRAFID TRV   chlortetracycline 20%, tiamulin 5%						
TIAKOL-TRV   tiamulin 45%, colistin 1 2000 000 IU/g		•				
TIAMULIN 45%-TRV   tiamulin 45%		•				
TIAMULIN 80%-TRV   tiamulin 80%						
TILMOFID-TRV   tilmicosin 20%		•				
TILTAR 80   tylosin 80%	•	•				
Coccid	iostatic	5				
AMPROLIUM 100-TRV   amprolium 90%	•		•			
SALINOMYCIN 12-TRV   salinomycin 12%	•	•				
Antibiotic	c solutio	ons				
CIPROFLOXACIN AQUA   ciprofloxacin 20%	•	•				
COLISTIN AQUA   colistin 4 000 000 IU/ml	•					
ENROFLOXACIN 20% AQUA-TRV   enrofloxacin 20%						
ENROGENT AQUA-TRV   enrofloxacin 10%, gentamicin 5%						
ENROMOL AQUA-TRV enrofloxacin 10%, colistin 2 000 000 IU/ml						
FLOROL 10% AQUA-TRV   florfenicol 10%		•				1
LESTIN AQUA   levofloxacin 10%, colistin 1 000 000 IU/ml						,
LEXOL AQUA   levofloxacin 15%						1
SULFAPRIM AQUA-TRV   sulfadimidine 20%, trimethoprim 4%		•				,
TETRAFLOX AQUA-TRV   tilmicosine 5%, levofloxacin 2,5% trimethoprim 2,5%		•				•
TILMICOSIN 30% AQUA-TRV   tilmicosine 30%		•				1
TRIENROKOL AQUA   enrofloxacin 10%, trimethoprim 5%, colistin 1 000 000 IU/ml	•	•	•			1
TYLOSIN AQUA   tylosin 20%		•				1
Injection	antibio	tics				
AMOXIGEKT LA   amoxicillin 15%						-
AZITHROMYCIN 10%-TRV   azithromycin 10%						1
7.=			1	1	1	-
CEFTIGEKT LA-TRV   ceftiofur 10%						1



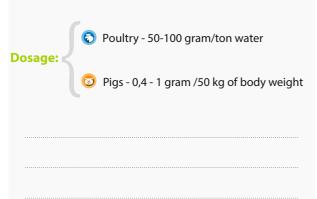
### **AMOCLAV**

amoxicillin 50% clavulanic acid 12,5%



### **Indications for use:**

Amoclav is used as a therapeutic agent for pigs and poultry infections of the gastrointestinal, respiratory tract and urinary tract caused by microorganisms sensitive to amoxicillin.



### **AMOCOL 50**

amoxicillin 50% colistin 4 000 000 IU/gram



### **Indications for use:**

Amocol 50 is used as a therapeutic agent for calves, and poultry with diseases, the causative agents of which are sensitive to the components of the veterinary drug .

	Poultry - 300 gram/ton water
Dosage:	pigs - 3 gram/100 kg of body weight
	☐ Calves - 3 gram/ 100 kg of body weight

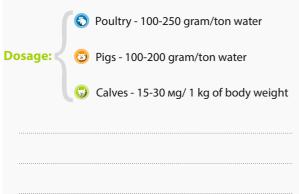
# AMOXICILLIN 80-TRV

amoxicillin 80%



### **Indications for use:**

Amoxicillin 80-TRV is used in calves and poultry with a therapeutic purpose for pneumoniae disease bacterial etiology, the causative agents of which are sensitive to amoxicillin.



### **CIPROFID-TRV**

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ciprofloxacin 10%

### **Indications for use:**

The drug is used to treat pigs with diseases of the respiratory system, gastrointestinal tract and genitourinary system of bacterial etiology caused by pathogens sensitive to ciprofloxacin, including: escherichiosis, salmonellosis, pasteurellosis, staphylococcosis, mycoplasmosis, hemophilosis, necroticenteritis, erysipelas of pigs.

Dosage: ≺	osage: 🚽 🌀 Pigs - 0,5-10 mg /kg of body weight				

### **COLI 12-TRV**

colistin 12 000 000 IU/g



### **Indications for use:**

Coli 12-TPV is used to calves and poultry with colibacteriosis, salmonellosis and other infectious diseases of the gastrointestinal tract of bacterial etiology, the pathogens of which are sensitive to colistin.

S Poultry - 50-180 gram/ton water
pigs - 5-8 mg /kg of body weight
당 Calves - 5-8 мg/kg of body weight

### **DOXYFID**

doxycycline 10%



### **Indications for use:**

Doxyfid is used as a therapeutic agent in pigs with colibacillosis, salmonellosis, pasteurellosis, mycoplasmosis and other infectious diseases of the gastrointestinal tract, respiratory system and urinary tract caused by microorganisms sensitive to tetracycline veterinary products.

Dosage: {	© Pigs - 2,5 kg/ton feed

### **DOXYGIL 50**

doxycycline 50%



### **Indications for use:**

Doxygil 50 is used as a therapeutic agent in calves and poultry for colibacillosis, salmonellosis, pasteurellosis, mycoplasmosis and other infectious diseases of the gastrointestinal tract, respiratory system, caused by microorganisms sensitive to doxycycline.

Poultry - 20-40 mg/1 kg of body weight

Pigs - 0,2 gram/10 kg of body weight

Calves - 0,1 gram/ 10 kg of body weight

### **DOXYTIL**

doxycycline 10% tylosin 10%



### **Indications for use:**

Doxytil is a semisynthetic tetracycline derivative. Active against gram-positive and gram-negative microorganisms, incl. Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae, Clostridium spp., Escherichia coli, Staphylococcus spp., Streptococcus spp., Haemophilus spp., Pasteurella spp.

Poultry - 0,5-1 kg/ton water

Pigs - 0,5-1 kg/ton water

Calves - 5 gram/ 100 kg of body weight

### **FLORFID 4%-TRV**

florfenicol 4%



### **Indications for use:**

Florfid 4% is used for the treatment of young cattle, pigs and poultry with infectious diseases of bacterial etiology, the pathogens of which are sensitive to florfenicol.

Poultry - 0,5-1 kg/ton feed

Pigs - 0,5-1 kg/ton feed

Calves - 0,5-1 kg/ton feed

### **LEXOFID-TRV**

levofloxacin 15%



### **Indications for use:**

Lexofid-TRV used to treat pigs and poultry with colibacillosis, salmonellosis, pasteurellosis, pseudomonosis, mycoplasmosis, hemophilia, bordetellosis, MMA syndrome, infectious atrophic rhinitis of pigs, as well as other diseases of the respiratory system, digestive and genitourinary systems, the pathogens of which are sensitive to levofloxacin.

Poultry - 0.35-0.5 kg/ton water

Dosage:

i ouitiy	0,55 0,5 kg/ ton wat
	0,5-1 kg/ton feed

Pigs - 0,35-0,5 kg/ton water 0,7-1 kg/ton feed

# NOSIHEPTIDE 1%-TRV

nosiheptide 1%



### **Indications for use:**

Nosiheptide 1%-TRV is used for therapeutic purposes in cattle and poultry with clostridium, echirichiosis, salmonellosis, streptococcosis and other bacterial diseases caused by microorganisms, sensitive to nozigeptide.

Dosage:

Noultry - 200-250 gram/ton feed

<sup>3</sup> Pigs - 300-1000 gram/ton feed

😺 Calves - 300-500 gram/ ton feed

**NOSIMICIN TRV** 



nosiheptide 1% kitasamycin 5%

### **Indications for use:**

Nosimicin-TRV is used to treat pigs and poultry with clostridiosis, eschirichiosis, salmonellosis, staphylococcosis, streptococcosis and other infectious diseases of bacterial etiology, the pathogens of which are sensitive to the components of the drug.

Dosage:

\delta Poultry - 200-300 gram/ton feed

Pigs - 350-700 gram/ton feed

### **PAROFID 20%-TRV**

paromomycin 20%



### **Indications for use:**

Parofid 20%-TRV is used for the treatment of pigs, calves and poultry with diseases of the gastrointestinal tract of bacterial etiology caused by microorganisms sensitive to paromomycin.

Dosage:

- Poultry 0,5-1 kg/ton feed 0,25-0,75 kg/ton water
- Pigs 2,2-5 kg/ton feed 1-2,5 kg/ton water

Calves - 1,25-2,5 gram/10 kg of body weight

### TETRAFID TRV

chlortetracycline 20% tiamulin 5%



### **Indications for use:**

Tetrafid TRV is used to treat pigs with respiratory and gastrointestinal diseases of bacterial and mycoplasma etiology, including dysentery, enterocolitis, enzootic pneumonia, actinobacillus pleuropneumonia, as well as other diseases caused by the association of microorganisms sensitive to the combination of active substances of the drug.

**Dosage:** 🛐 Pigs - 200-400 gram/100 kg feed

### **TIAKOL-TRV**

tiamulin 45% colistin 1 200 000 IU/g



### **Indications for use:**

Tiakol-TRV is used for the treatment of pigs and poultry with infectious diseases of pigs and poultry, the pathogens of which are sensitive to thiamulin and colistin.

**Dosage:** 

🔊 Poultry - 250-500 gram/ ton water or feed

Pigs - 200-4500 gram/ ton water or feed

### **TIAMULIN 45%-TRV**

tiamulin 45%



### **Indications for use:**

Tiamulin 45%-TRV is used as for the treatment of pigs and poultry with infectious diseases, the pathogens of which are sensitive to thiamulin.

- 🕄 Poultry 3000-500 gram/ton water
- Pigs 200-450 gram/ton feed 150-200 gram/ton water

### **TIAMULIN 80-TRV**

tiamulin 80%



### **Indications for use:**

Tiamulin 80-TRV is used as a therapeutic agent in pigs with dysentery, enzootic pneumonia, actinobacillus pleuropneumonia, proliferative enteropathy and intestinal spirochetosis.

Dosage: Pigs - 0,125-0,25 kg/ ton feed or 80-100 gram / ton of water

# **Antibiotic powders**

**TILTAR 80** 



tylosin 80%

### **Indications for use:**

Tiltar 80 is used as a therapeutic agent for respiratory mycoplasmosis of chickens, infectious sinusitis of turkeys.



### **TILMOFID-TRV**

tilmicosin 20%



### **Indications for use:**

Tilmofid -TRV is used to treat pigs with diseases of the respiratory system, gastrointestinal tract and genitourinary system of bacterial etiology caused by pathogens sensitive to tilmicosin, including: pasteurellosis, staphylococcosis, streptococcosis, mycoplasmosis, swine dysentery.

Pigs - 0,125-0,25 kg/ ton feed 80-100 gram / ton of water

# **Coccidiostatics**

# AMPROLIUM 100-TRV

amprolium 90%



### **Indications for use:**

Amprolium 100-TRV is used as a therapeutic and prophylactic agent for eimeriosis in broiler chickens, replacement poultry, breeding poultry, as well as cattle and small cattle.

	Poultry - 130-300 gram/ton of water or feed
Dosage:	Calves - 130-300 gram/ton of water or feed
	Sheep - 130-300 gram/ton of feed

# Coccidiostatics

# SALINOMYCIN 12-TRV

salinomycin 12%



### **Indications for use:**

Salinomycin 12-TRV is an anti-eimeriosis agent of a broad spectrum of action of the ionophore group. It has a coccidiostatic effect in the early stages of development of coccidia.

Poultry - 500 gram/ton of feed

Pigs - 250-450 gram/ton of feed

Calves - 100-250 gram/ton of feed

# **Antibiotic solutions**

# CIPROFLOXACIN AQUA

ciprofloxacin 20%



### **Indications for use:**

Ciprofloxacin aqua is used as a therapeutic agent in poultry for treatment of the respiratory tract, the genitourinary system and other diseases caused by microorganisms, sensitive to ciprofloxacin.

Dosage:

\delta Poultry - 250-330 ml/ton water

Pigs - 250-330 ml/ton water

# **Antibiotic solutions**

# COLISTIN AQUA

colistin 4 000 000 IU/ml



### **Indications for use:**

The veterinary product is used to treat calves and poultry with bacterial diseases of the gastrointestinal tract, the causative agents of which are sensitive to colistin.

Poultry - 100-125 ml/ton water

Pigs - 0,25-0,5 l/ton water

Calves - 0,01-0,025 ml/kg of body weight

# **ENROFLOXACIN 20% AQUA-TRV**

enrofloxacin 20%



### **Indications for use:**

Enrofloxacin 20% aqua-TRV is used as a therapeutic agent in cattle, poultry for respiratory and gastrointestinal diseases of bacterial etiology.

	Poultry - 0,25-0,5 l/ton water
Dosage:	© Pigs - 1,25-2,5 ml/100 kg of body weight
	Calves - 1,25-2,5 ml/100 kg of body weight

# **Antibiotic solutions**

# **ENROGENT AQUA-TRV**

enrofloxacin 10% gentamicin 5%



### **Indications for use:**

Enrogent aqua-TRV is used for therapeutic purposes in poultry with diseases of bacterial etiology, the pathogens of which are sensitive to the components of the drug.



# **ENROMOL AQUA-TRV**

enrofloxacin 10% colistin 2 000 000 IU/ml



### **Indications for use:**

Enromol aqua-TRV is used as a therapeutic agent for treatment of respiratory and gastrointestinal infections of bacterial etilogy, if the causative agents are sensitive to enrofloxacin and colistin.

	Noultry - 0,5-1 l/ton water
Dosage:	igs - 0,5 l/ton water
	Calves - 0,025-0,05 ml/kg of body weight

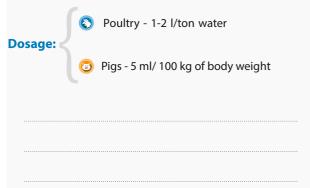
# FLOROL 10% AQUA-TRV

florfenicol 10%



### **Indications for use:**

Florol 10% aqua-TRV is used as a therapeutic agent in poultry for treatment colibacillosis, salmonellosis, pasteurellosis, staphylococcosis and other infectious diseases of poultry caused by microorganisms susceptible to florfenicol.



# **LESTIN AQUA**

levofloxacin 10% colistin 1 000 000 IU/ml



### **Indications for use:**

The drug is used to treat poultry with bacterial infections of respiratory, digestive and genitourinary systems, in other bacterial infections, the pathogens of which are sensitive to components of the drug.

Poultry - 0,4-0,5 l/ton water

Pigs - 0,35 l/ton water

# **Antibiotic solutions**

# **LEXOL AQUA**



**levofloxacin 15%** 

### **Indications for use:**

Lexol aqua is used for therapeutic purposes in poultry with bacterial infections, the pathogens of which are sensitive to levofloxacin.

Dosage:

Poultry - 0,35-0,5 l/ton water

Pigs - 0,35-0,5 l/ton water

TETRAFLOX



**AQUA** 



### Indications for use:

The preparation is administered for treatment of and farm poultry against diseases caused by microorganisms susceptible to the active substances of the preparation.

Poultry - 1-2 l/ton water

Pigs - 1-2 l/ton water

# SULFAPRIM AQUA-TRV

sulfadimidin 20% trimethoprim 4%



### Indications for use:

Sulfaprim aqua-TRV is used for therapeutic purposes in cattle and poultry with diseases of bacterial etiology, the pathogens of which are sensitive to the components of the drug.

Poultry - 0,25-1,0 l/ton water

Pigs - 0,5-1 l/ton water

Calves - 1-2 ml/16 kg of body weight

# TILMICOSIN 30% AQUA-TRV

tilmicosin 30%



### **Indications for use:**

Tilmicosin 30% aqua-TRV is used as a therapeutic agent in poultry and calves with animal diseases, the causative agents of which are sensitive to tilmicosin.

Dosage:

🕤 Poultry - 250 ml/ton water

Pigs - 500-700 ml/ton water

Calves - 0,04 ml/kg of body weight

# **Antibiotic solutions**

# TRIENROKOL AQUA

enrofloxacin 10% trimethoprim 5% colistin 1 000 000 IU/ml



### Indications for use:

Trienrokol aqua is used as a therapeutic agent for respiratory and gastrointestinal infections of bacterial etiology caused by microorganisms sensitive to components of the drug.

Dosage:	Poultry - 0,5 I/ton water  Pigs - 0,33 I/ton water
	(3) Calves - 0,25-0,5 ml/10 kg of body weight

# TYLOSIN AQUA

tylosin 20%



### Indications for use:

Tylosin aqua is used as a therapeutic agent: agricultural poultry (broilers, replacements, breeding poultry) - for respiratory mycoplasmosis, infectious sinusitis, colibacillosis, pasteurellosis and other diseases, pathogens of which are sensitive to tylosin.

Dosage:

Poultry - 2-3 l/ton water

Pigs - 1,15 l/ton water

Injection antibiotics

### **AMOXIGEKT LA**



amoxicillin 15%

### **Indications for use:**

Amoxigekt LA is used in cattle with infectious diseases of the gastrointestinal tract, respiratory system and genitourinary system; surgical diseases and diseases of the skin and soft tissues.

Dosage:	© Pigs - ml/10 kg of body weight
Dosage.	G Cattle - 1 ml/10 kg of body weight

# AZITHROMYCIN 10-TRV

azithromycin 10%



### **Indications for use:**

Azithromycin 10% -TRV is used as a treatment for pigs, cattle, sheep in the treatment of bacterial infections caused by microorganisms sensitive to azithromycin.

Dosage: 1

Pigs - 1ml/20 kg of body weight

(a) Cattle - 1ml/20-40 kg of body weight

Sheep - 1 ml/ 20kg of body weight

# Injection antibiotics

# CEFTIGEKT LA-TRV

ceftiofur 10%



### Indications for use:

The veterinary product is used for infectious diseases of bacterial etiology of the respiratory system, gastrointestinal tract and genitourinary system.

Poultry - 0,05-0,2 ml/10 kg of body weight

Pigs - 1 ml/20 kg of body weight

Calves - 1 ml/15 kg of body weight

# ENROGEKT LA-TPV

enrofloxacin 10%



### **Indications for use:**

Enrogekt LA-TPV is used to treat cattle, sheep, pigs, dogs and cats with bacterial infections of the respiratory system, digestive and genitourinary systems, infectious diseases of bacterial etiology, the causative agents of which are sensitive to enrofloxacin.



### **FLOREZOL**

florfenicol 40%



### Indications for use:

Florezol is used as a therapeutic agent in cattle and small stock for infectious diseases caused by pathogens sensitive to the action of the veterinary drug.

Pigs - 0,75 ml/20 kg of body weight

Calves - 0,75-1,5 ml/15 kg of body weight

Sheep - 0,75-1,5 ml/15 kg of body weight

### **GENTALUX**

gentamicin 4%



### Indications for use:

Gentalux is indicated for cattle with gastrointestinal, respiratory pathologies, sepsis, peritonitis, pyelonephritis, arthritis and other diseases of animals of bacterial etiology caused by microorganisms sensitive to antibiotics.

Pigs - 1 - 1,5 ml/10 kg of body weight

Cattle - 0,75-2 ml/10 kg
of body weight

# Injection antibiotics

### **LEXOGEKT**

levofloxacin 15%



### **Indications for use:**

The veterinary product is used for mixed and secondary bacterial infections, infectious diseases of bacterial etiology, the pathogens of which are sensitive to levofloxacin.

Pigs - 1 ml/30 kg of body weight

Cattle - 1 ml/30 kg of body weight

Sheep - 1 ml/30 kg of body weight

### **MACROGEKT**

tyldipyrosine 4%



### **Indications for use:**

The veterinary product is used for the treatment of pigs and young cattle in diseases of bacterial etiology (pasteurellosis, hemophilosis and others) caused by microorganisms sensitive to tyldipyrosine.

Dosage:

- Pigs 1 ml/10 kg of body weight
- Cattle 1 ml/10 kg of body weight

# MOXIGEKT LA-TRV

moxifloxacin 10%



### **Indications for use:**

The drug is used for treatment of cattle with bacterial infections of the respiratory, digestive, genitourinary systems, infectious diseases of bacterial etiology the pathogens of which are sensitive to moxifloxacin.

Pigs - 1 ml/10 kg of body weight

Cattle - 1 ml/10 kg of body weight

### **OXYCET-TRV**

oxytetracycline 20% ketoprofen 3%



### Indications for use:

Oxsicet-TRV is used in cattle with combined infections, secondary bacterial infections in viral diseases.

Dosage:

- 3 Pigs 1ml/10 kg of body weight
- (a) Cattle 1ml/10 kg of body weight
- Sheep 1 ml/ 10 kg of body weight

# Injection antibiotics

# OXYTETRACYCLINE 200 LA-TRV

oxytetracycline 20%



### Indications for use:

Oxytetracycline 200 LA-TRV is used as a therapeutic agent for diseases of bacterial etiology, the causative agents of which are sensitive to oxytetracycline.

Pigs - 1 ml/10 kg of body weight

Cattle - 1 ml/10 kg of body weight

Sheep - 1 ml/10 kg of body weight

# PENSTREP LA-TRV

benzylpenicillin procaine 10% benzylpenicillin benzathine 10% dihydrostreptomycin sulfate 20%



### **Indications for use:**

**Dosage:** 

The drug is used for treatment of cattle, sheep a for respiratory diseases, gastrointestinal tract and urogenital system, musculoskeletal system and diseases caused by pathogens sensitive to the drug components.

© Pigs - 0,5-1 ml/10 kg of body weight

Cattle - 0,5-1 ml/10 kg of body weight

Sheep - 0,5-1 ml/10 kg of body weight

# TULATHROMYCIN 10-TRV

tulathromycin 10%



### **Indications for use:**

Tulathromycin 10-TPV is used in calves with bacterial respiratory infections (pasteurellosis, hemophillosis, mycoplasmosis), infectious keratoconjunctivitis and other diseases of bacterial etiology, the causative agents of which are sensitive to tulatromycin.

Dosage:

Pigs - 1 ml/40 kg of body weight

词 Cattle - 1 ml/40 kg of body weight

# **TYLGEKT**



tylosin 20%

### **Indications for use:**

Tylgekt is used as a therapeutic agent for bronchopneumonia of cattle, bovine mastitis; arthritis, dysentery, as well as secondary bacterial diseases.

Dosage:

Bigs - 0,05 ml/kg of body weight

(attle - 0,025-0,05 ml/kg of body weight)

Sheep - 0,05-0,06 ml/kg of body weight

# Hormonal drugs

### **DECSA-TRV**

dexamethasone 0,4%



### **Indications for use:**

Decsa-TRV is administrated to live-stock and domestic animals as anti-inflammatory, anti-allergic, decongestant and gluconeogenetic agent in the treatment of post-traumatic oedema, arthritis, tenosynovitis.

Cattle - 4-9 ml/500 kg of body weight

Norses - 4-9 ml/ 500 kg of body weight

Pigs- 0,15-0,3 ml/ 10 kg of body weight

# Hormonal drugs

### **OXYTOCIN 10 ME-TRV**



oxytocin 10 IU/ml

### **Indications for use:**

Oxytocin 10 ME-TRV is used in agricultural and domestic animals with weak labor, uterine bleeding, retention of the placenta, endometritis, mastitis and reflex agalactia.

Pigs - 10-30 IU/animal

Cattle - 15-60 IU/animal

Sheep - 8-15 IU/animal

### CLOPROSTENOL-TRV

cloprostenol 0,025%



### **Indications for use:**

Cloprostenol-TRV used in cows and calves for the regulation of reproductive function and treatment for gynecological and obstetric pathology, including synchronization of the sexual cycle in cows and calves; treatment of cows with functional disorders of the ovaries.

Pigs – 0,7-2 ml/head

Dosage:

Cows - 2-4 ml/animal

# Anti-inflammatory drugs

# KETOPROFEN 10-TRV

ketoprofen 10%



### **Indications for use:**

Ketoprofen 10-TRV is used in cattle and horses as an anti-inflammatory, analgesic and antipyretic agent for acute and chronic diseases of the musculoskeletal system.

Pigs - 3 ml/100 kg of body weight

Cattle - 3 ml/100 kg of body weight

Horses - 1 ml/45 kg of body weight

# Anti-inflammatory drugs

# **MELOXIGEKT 2%-TRV**

meloxicam 2%



### **Indications for use:**

Meloxigekt 2%-TRV is used for large and small cattle, horses and pigs as an anti-inflammatory, analgesic and antipyretic agent in acute inflammatory processes, febrile conditions, as well as for relieving pain of various etiologies.

Pigs - 0,2 ml/10 kg of body weight

Dosage:

Cattle - 2,5 ml/100 kg of body weight

Norses - 3 ml/100 kg of body weight

# Vitamin and mineral preparations

# **BUTAGEKT** 10%-TRV

butaphosphane 10% cyanocobalamin 5%



### **Indications for use:**

The drug is used for cattle and small cattle, pigs, dogs and cats with metabolic disorders of various etiologies, as well as a stimulant and tonic.

Dosage:

Pigs - 1-10 ml/head

😘 Cattle - 5-25 ml/animal

# Sheep - 1,5-8 ml/animal

# Vitamin and mineral preparations

# **FERRUM** 20/B12-TRV

**iron 20%** vitamin B12 0,02%



### **Indications for use:**

The veterinary drug is used for therapeutic and prophylactic purposes in calves, pigs, pregnant cows and heifers.

😇 Pigs - 1 ml/animal

Calves - 2-4 ml/animal

# Antiparasitic drugs

# **IVERMECTIN** 1%-TRV

ivermectin 1%



### **Indications for use:**

The drug is used for therapeutic and prophylactic purposes in cattle with dictyocaulosis, haemonchosis, thelaziosis, strongyloidosis, esophagostomosis, bunostomosis, habertiosis, hypodermosis.

Pigs - 1 ml/33 kg of body weight

Dosage:

👸 Cattle - 1 ml/50 kg of body weight

😚 Sheep - 1 ml/50 kg of body weight

# Antiparasitic drugs

# IVERMECTIN AQUA





### Indications for use:

The drug is administered to cattle, poultry, carnivores for prevention and treatment of nematodosis and arachnoentomosis.

Dosage:

- \delta Poultry 100 ml/ton water
- Pigs 1 ml/100 kg of body weight
- Calves 0,25 ml/50 kg of body weight

# **Antiviral drugs**

**TRIVIDGEKT 5%-TRV** 





### **Indications for use:**

Trividgekt 5%-TRV is used for therapeutic and prophylactic purposes in animals with infections caused by RNA viruses.

Dosage:



Pigs - 0,1-0,2 ml/kg of body weight

# Antiviral drugs

# TRIVIRON FORTE-TRV

aRNase 3%

**Dosage:** 



### **Indications for use:**

Triviron forte-TRV is used for therapeutic and prophylactic purposes in animals and poultry with infections caused by RNA viruses.

- Poultry 0,00125-0,005 ml/kg of body weight
- Pigs 0,05-0,1 ml/kg of body weight
- Galves 0,05-0,1 ml/ kg of body weight

# Feed additives

### **ACIMAX**

**Animal Feed Supplement** 

formic acid 35% propionic acid 14% citric acid 10% benzoic acid 9%

actic acid 1% orbic acid 1% cetic acid 1%



### Indications for use:

The feed additive is intended for microbiological feed standards used in feeding pigs and poultry. Used for acidification of feed and mixed feed.

Dosage:



\delta Poultry - 1-2,5 kg/ton feed

(3)

🤰 Pigs - 1-3 kg/ton feed

# Feed additives

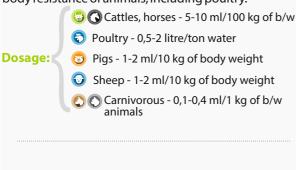
### **GEPAVIT AQUA**

L-carnitine 5% betaine hydrochloride 1,5% vitamin B<sub>3</sub> 2% B<sub>5</sub> 0,8% B<sub>12</sub> 0,003%



### Indications for use:

The feed additive is used to improve the production indicators of raising animals and poultry, prevent and normalize metabolic disorders and increase the overall body resistance of animals, including poultry.



### **OILSID AQUA**

cinnamic aldehyde 1% ofeugenol 0,4% formic acid 50% propionic acid 10% citric acid 10%



### Indications for use:

The feed additive is used for pigs and poultry to optimize digestive processes, increase the efficiency of feed use and improve the production performance of cultivation.



### **HOLIFID TRV**

choline chloride 55%



### **Indications for use:**

The feed additive is used for enriching and balancing the diets of farm animals, including poultry, for the preparation of complete feed, premixes, and feed additives.

cattle – 150-250 g per 1 ton of feed.

To farm poultry 400 - 600 g per 1 ton of feed

pigs - 200-600 g per 1 ton of feed

### LYSINOFID-TRV

L-lysine 95%



### **Indications for use:**

The feed additive is used as a source of L-lysine for enrichment and balancing the diets of farm animals, including poultry, preparation of complete feed, premixes and feed additives.

Dosage: 0.5 - 5% by weight of the finished feed

# **Feed additives**

### **TREOFID TRV**

L-threonine 95%



### Indications for use:

The feed additive is used as a source of L-threonine for enriching and balancing diets of farm animals, including poultry, for preparation of complete feed mixes, premixes, feed additives.



### **Probiotics**

### **PROVAGEN**

**Animal Feed Supplement** 

B.subtilis
B.licheniformis 10° CFU/gram



### Indications for use:

Provagen is used in case of disruption of the functioning of the gastrointestinal tract against the background of disruption of natural microbiocenosis for the prevention of rumen acidosis and improving the digestibility of roughage in cattle, prevention of various stress effects, stimulation of immunity, increase in safety, decrease in feed conversion and increase in weight gain.



# **Probiotics**

### PROVAGEN CONCENTRATE

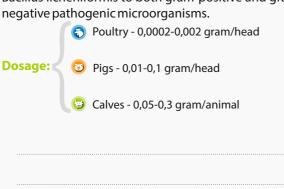
**Animal Feed Supplement** 

B.subtilis
B.licheniformis 10<sup>11</sup> CFU/gram



### Indications for use:

Supplement has a complex effect on the body, including: the competitive relationship of Bacillus subtilis and Bacillus licheniformis strains with pacified bacteria for the necessary nutrients or for adhesion; stimulation of immunity; antagonistic action of Bacillus subtilis and Bacillus licheniformis to both gram-positive and gramnegative pathogenic microorganisms.



# TRIOBAKT

B.licheniformis 5x10° CFU/gram



### **Indications for use:**

The additive is used for poultry as an adjuvant to normalise biocoenosis of the gut, prevention of stressful impact, as well as for stimulation of nonspecific immunity and improvement of feed conversion.

	eed	
	e: 500 g/ton fo	

# Biodestructor of manure

# BIOSANVIT-M Bacillus 10<sup>7</sup> CFU/gram Poultry - 50-70/gram ton of litter Pigs - 25-200 gram/m² of manure Calves - 150-200 gram/100 m² of area

### **BIOSANVIT-S**

Dosage:

Bacillus 109 CFU/gram



For sanitary and hygienic treatment of drains, bedding and livestock premises, promotes rapid decomposition of organic waste, elimination of unpleasant odors (ammonia, hydrogen sulfide, mercaptans, etc.), wastewater treatment, preparation of places for keeping animals and poultry

Poultry - 0,5-0,7 gram/ton of litter litter or solid waste

© Pigs - 0,25-2 gram/m<sup>2</sup> of manure

Calves - 0,5-0,7 gram/t of solid factions



### STOVEK LLC

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# Antibiotic compatibility table

The interaction of antibiotics when used simultaneously can have both positive and negative results. The information presented in the table is for informational purposes only.

																															. 5 □ *   + +
Erythromycin	Enrofloxacin	Ciprofloxacin	Ceftiofur	Cephalosporins	Flumequin	Florfenicol	Tulathromycin	Trimethoprim	Tylosin	Tilmicosin	Tildipyrosine	Tiamulin	Tetracycline	Sulfonamides	Sulfadimidine	Streptomycin	Spectinomycin	Salinomycin	Penicillins	Paromomycin	Oxytetracycline	Nosiheptide	Neomycin	Lincomycin	Levofloxacin	Colistin	Kanamycin	Doxycycline	Gentamicin	Azithromycin	++ enhanced action + weak enhancement - weakening of action * increased toxicity ■ no data n/c not compatible
	n/c	n/c	n/c	n/c	•	n/c	n/c	-	n/c	n/c	n/c	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	n/c	n/c	-	-	-	-	1	n/c	-	-	n/c		Azithromycin
ī	‡	-	‡	‡	‡	-	-	-	‡	n/c	-	‡	+	+	+	*	‡	-	‡	-	-	•	*	1	-	*	*	ı		n/c	Gentamicin
‡	ı	n/c	ı	ı	ī	-	-	-	‡	-	-	‡	‡	ı	ī	ı	ī	•	ı	-	-	•	1	+	ī	+	ī		ı	•	Doxycycline
ī	‡	-	‡	‡	‡	-	-	-	‡	n/c	_	‡	+	+	+	*	‡	-	‡	-	-	•	*	+	-	*		ī	*	-	Kanamycin
‡	‡	-	‡	‡	‡	-	-	‡	‡	-	-	‡	‡	‡	‡	*	*	-	‡	-	-	•	*	‡	-		*	‡	*	n/c	Colistin
T	-	-	-	-	•	n/c	ı	-	ı	ı	ı	-	ı	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	•	•	-		-	•	T	•	ı	Levofloxacin
+	*	-	1	ı	*	-	n/c	-	ı	-	n/c	‡	‡	‡	‡	+	‡	-	ī	-	-	-	+		-	+	+	+	ī	•	Lincomycin
‡	‡	-	‡	‡	‡	-	-	-	‡	n/c	-	‡	ı	+	+	*	‡	•	‡	-	-	-		+	-	*	*	ı	*	•	Neomycin
		n/c	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	•	-	•	-							•		•	Nosiheptide
-	-	-	1	ı	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	ī	•		•			1		•	•	•	•	Oxytetracycline
		-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	n/c	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	n/c	Paromomycin
ī	‡	-	‡	‡	‡	n/c	-	-	ı	n/c	-	1	1	+	+	‡	‡	-		-	ı	-	‡	1	-	‡	+	1	+	n/c	Penicillins
-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	n/c	-	n/c	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-	-	Salinomycin
‡	‡	n/c	1	‡	‡	-	-	-	‡	n/c	-	‡	ı	ı	ī	‡		-	‡	•	-	-	‡	+	•	*	‡	ı	‡	-	Spectinomycin
ī	‡	-	‡	‡	‡	-	-	-	‡	-	•	‡	+	+	+		‡	-	‡	-	-	•	*	+	-	*	*	T	*	-	Streptomycin
‡	+	n/c	+	+	+	-	-	‡	*	-	-	‡	‡	-		+	ı	-	+	-	-	-	+	‡	-	‡	+	T	+	-	Sulfadimidine
‡	+	n/c	+	+	+	-	-	‡	*	-	-	‡	‡		-	+	ı	-	+	•	-	-	+	‡	-	‡	+	T	+	-	Sulfonamides
‡	ı	-	1	ı	ī	-	-	-	‡	-	-	‡		‡	‡	+	ı	-	ı				ī	‡	ı	‡	+	‡	+		Tetracycline
‡	‡	n/c	1	1	‡	-	-	-	‡	-	-		‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	n/c	ı	-	-	-	‡	+	-	‡	‡	++	‡	•	Tiamulin
n/c		n/c	ı	ı	-	-	n/c	-	n/c	n/c		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	n/c	ı	-	-	-	-	n/c	Tildipyrosine
		-	ı	ı	-	-	n/c	-	-		n/c	-	-		-		n/c	n/c	n/c	n/c	-		n/c		I		n/c	-	n/c	n/c	Tilmicosin
‡	*	n/c	1	1	*	-	n/c	-		-	n/c	‡	‡	*	*	++	‡	-	-			-	‡	_	1	++	++	++	++	n/c	Tylosin
-	++		1	I	-	-	-		-	-		_	-	++	++		-									++					Trimethoprim
n/c		n/c	I	I	-	-		-	n/c	n/c	n/c	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	n/c	-	-		-		n/c	Tulathromycin
-	n/c	n/c	n/c	n/c				-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-	-	n/c	-	-	-			n/c		-			n/c	Florfenicol
*	++	-	‡	‡		-	-	-	*	-		‡	1	+	+	++	++		++		-	-	++	*		++	++	1	++		Flumequin
I	++	-	-		‡	n/c	ı	ı	I	I	I	ı	1	+	+	+	++	-	++		ı	-	++	_		++	+	-	+	n/c	Cephalosporins
I	++	-		-	‡	n/c	ı	I	I	I	n/c	ı	I	+	+	+	ı	•	++		1	-	++	I		++	‡	T	+	n/c	Ceftiofur
-			•	-	-	n/c	n/c	-	n/c	-	n/c	n/c	-	n/c	n/c	-	n/c	-			-	n/c	-	-		-	-	n/c	-	n/c	Ciprofloxacin
*		-	‡	++	‡	n/c	-	++	*	•		++	ı	+	+	++	++	•	++				++	*		++	++	ı	++	n/c	Enrofloxacin
	*		ı	I	*	-	n/c	-	‡	-	n/c	‡	‡	+	++	I	‡	-	I				++	+	ı	++	I	++	I		Erythromycin

